SuDS - SUSTAINABLE URBAN DRAINAGE SYSTEM

A sustainable urban drainage system (SuDS) is an alternative to the traditional pipes, gullies and culverts approach to a development and its drainage strategy. A SuDS system comprises components and techniques that are deemed to be more sustainable and deal with storm water at source.

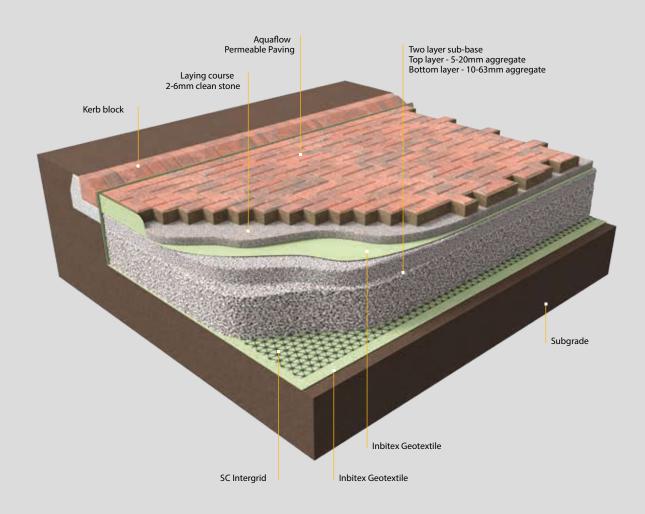


Sustainable urban drainage systems (SuDS) mimic natural drainage processes by employing these three key principles: water quality, water quantity and biodiversity/amenity.

The Roadstone Aquaflow system provides the means to not only achieve but excel in the three key SuDS principles. Through considerate design, careful selection of techniques and materials, the Roadstone Aquaflow blocks and the Roadstone Aquaflow system deliver the following benefits:

- Reducing water quantity Dealing with surface water at the source reduces the effects of urbanisation and the impact of localised flooding
- Improving water quality Roadstone
 Aquaflow. provides two levels of storm water
 treatment: removing harmful pollutants and
 protecting the environment downstream
- Contributing to the biodiversity Contributing to the biodiversity of development
 by working in conjunction with other SuDS
 techniques. Roadstone Aquaflow. allows any
 hard standings, including roads, to be used
 as drainage, producing a traditional looking
 surface with many desirable features.

AQUAFLOW® PAVING SOLUTION



AQUAFLOW® system

Roadstone Aquaflow has used research and design to evolve the Roadstone Aquaflow permeable paving system into one of the most cost effective and functional SuDS within the marketplace.

The Roadstone Aquaflow system has a unique sub-base design incorporating SC Intergrid which reduces construction costs whilst giving superior structural performance. Water quality improvement is realised through the use of our tried and tested Inbitex Geotextile which removes the requirement

for downstream pollution control. The patented Roadstone Aquaflow system fits neatly within any block paving project, where your paving design becomes your drainage design and vice versa.

Roadstone Aquaflow SuDS can be designed as fully attenuation, fully infiltration or as a partial infiltration system. Attenuation (tanked) systems capture storm water to be collected and released in a controlled manner into sewers and downstream watercourses. Infiltration systems allow rainwater

to be infiltrated into the ground mimicking a green field environment. Storm water leaving the Roadstone Aquaflow system is cleaned and filtered through the Inbitex Geotextile layers that promote microbial action. Water quality improvement allows secondary nonpotable uses to be carried out such as flushing toilets and watering the garden. The Roadstone Aquaflow system can be designed for use in both trafficked and pedestrianised areas, allowing the collection and treatment of storm water

from any paved surface.

Advantages of Roadstone Aquaflow

- Dealing with storm water at source
- Reduces water quantity
- Improves water quality
- Lowers construction costs
- Allows collection of storm water from impermeable surfaces
- Improved maintenance programme.

TYPICAL INFILTRATION SYSTEMS

There are four basic systems designs (see below). Each design can be tailored for infiltration or tanked according to requirements.

Infiltration

The system is underlaid with a pervious geotextile membrane (Inbitex®) and is suitable for use where it is proposed to infiltrate the water directly into a suitable subgrade.

Tanked

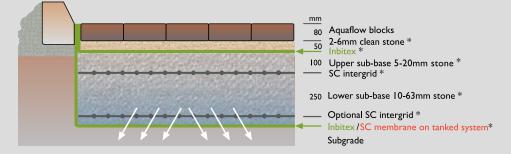
The system is underlaid by an impervious plastic membrane (SC membrane) and is suitable for use where it is proposed to attenuate storm water before releasing it in a controlled manner, harvest the water for re-use or where difficult or contaminated sub-grades are encountered.

The type of membrane used and the method of sealing will depend upon the application. In some circumstances, the membrane will require additional protection from puncturing and specialist advice should be obtained.

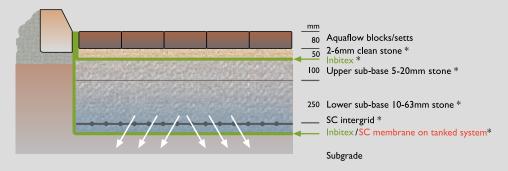
The impervious membrane restricts water entering the subgrade and preserves sub-grade structural integrity. This is very important where clay subgrades are encountered.

Typical Infiltration system

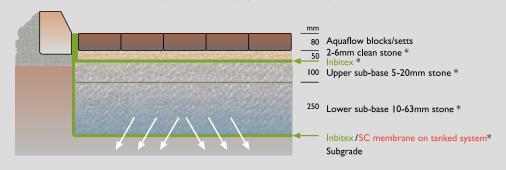
Areas subject to trafficking by HGV's



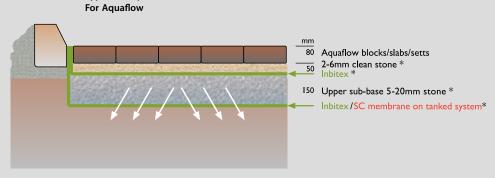
Typical Infiltration system with a sub-grade CBR of between 2-5% Parking areas subject to trafficking by cars and vans only



Typical Infiltration system with a sub-grade CBR of 5% or greater Parking areas subject to trafficking by cars and vans only



Typical footpath construction







In conjunction with our permeable paving design consultants
Formpave, Roadstone can offer a comprehensive design service to suit individual design requirements.

The team of experienced engineers have designed more than 3,000 permeable paving schemes, both here and in the UK, during the past 20 years.

All designs carried out by the

design team are project specific; each individual design is carefully considered and bespoke to the project in mind.

Design Services

- Validation of permeable paving designs
- Full structural and hydraulic permeable paving designs complete with layout drawings and construction details

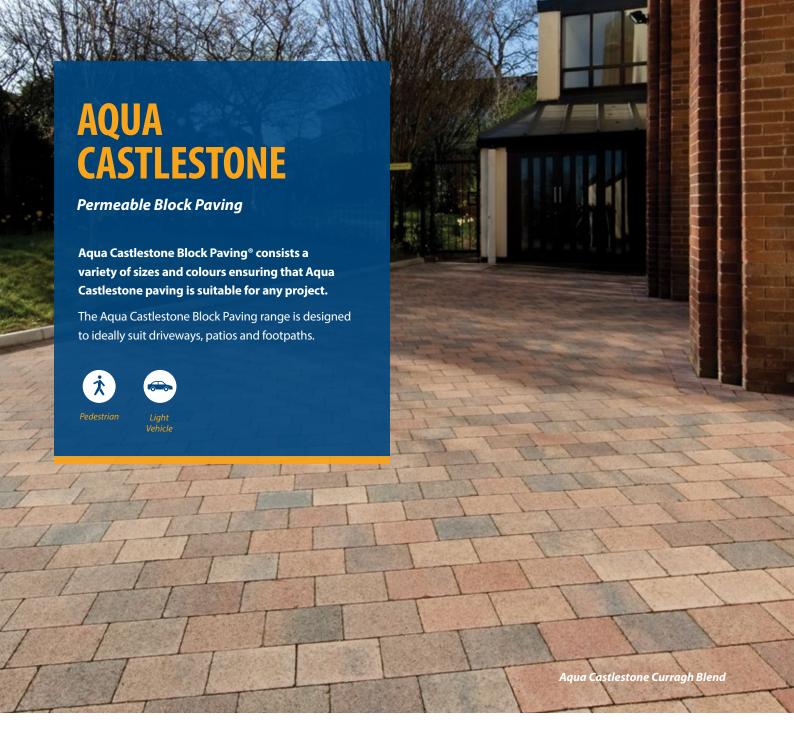
- Free technical advice
- Access to a range of typical details
- Value engineering service

Contact us

Tel: 01 4041200

Web: www.roadstone.ie

Email: info@roadstone.ie



Aqua Castlestone 60mm





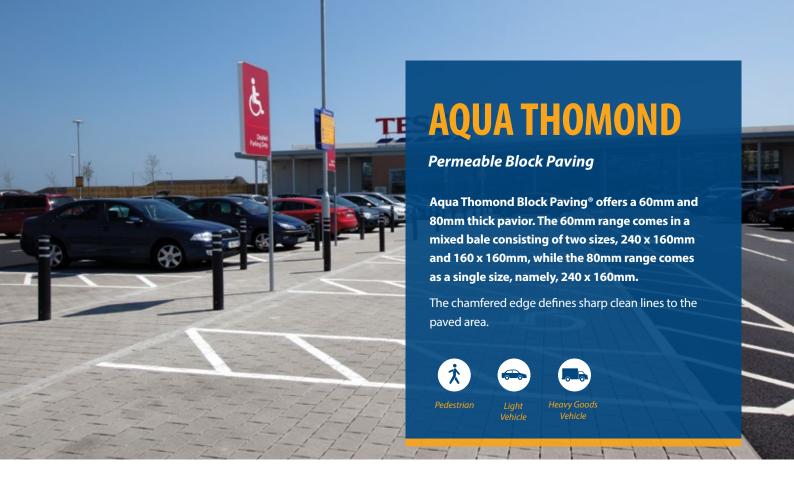




Product Sizes & Quantities

Size (mixed bale)	Depth	Quantity (per m²)	Quantity (per bale)	Bale size
240 x 160mm & 160 x 160mm	60mm	15.6 units of each size	432	13.82m²

Mixed bales include an equal number of all sizes.



Aqua Thomond 60mm









Product Sizes & Quantities

Size (mixed bale)	Depth	Quantity (per m²)	Quantity (per bale)	Bale size
240 x 160mm & 160 x 160mm	60mm	15.6 units of each size	432	13.82m²

Mixed bales include an equal number of all sizes.

Aqua Thomond Single Sized 80mm









Size	Depth	Quantity (per m²)	Quantity (per bale)	Bale size
240x160mm	80mm	26	300	11.52m²



Aqua Verona 60mm







Product Sizes & Quantities

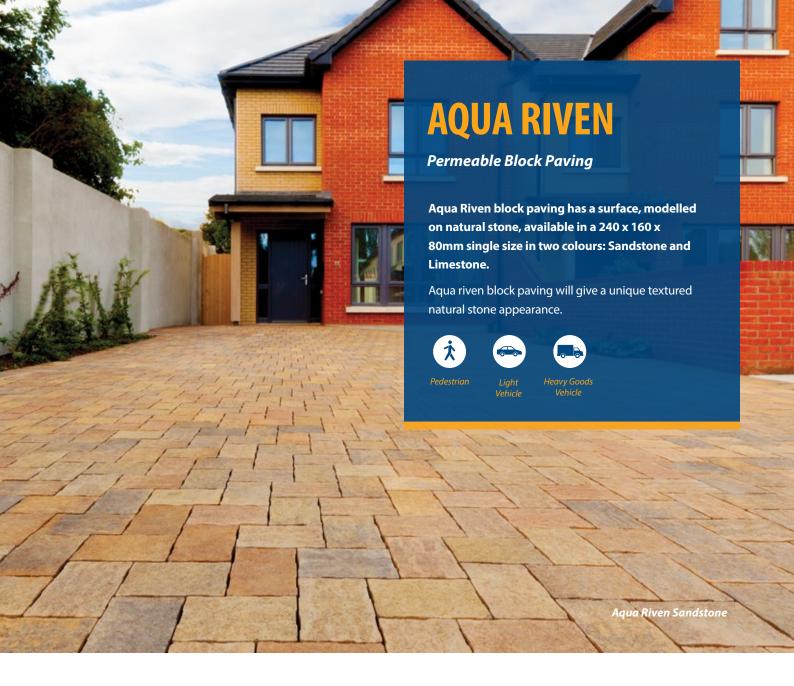
Size (mixed bale)	Depth	Quantity (per m²)	Quantity (per bale)	Bale size
240 x 160mm & 160 x 160mm	60mm	15.6 units of each size	432	13.82m²

Mixed bales include an equal number of all sizes.

Aqua Verona Single Sized 80mm



Size	Depth	Quantity (per m²)	Quantity (per bale)	Bale size
240x160mm	80mm	26	300	11.52m ²



Aqua Riven Single Sized 80mm





Size	Depth	Quantity (per m²)	Quantity (per bale)	Bale size
240x160mm	80mm	26	300	11.52m²



Aqua Cobblesett 80mm





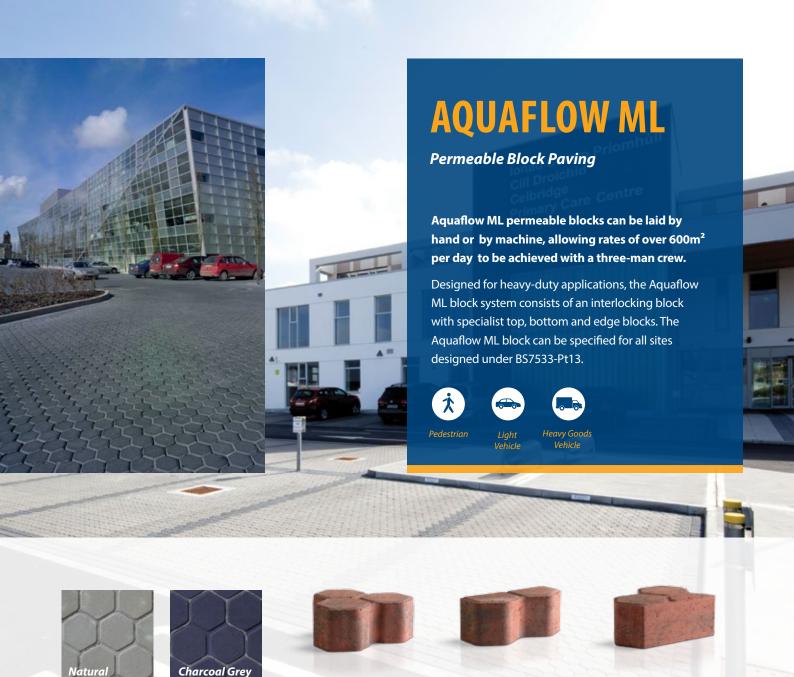




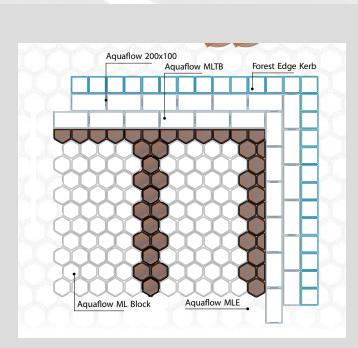


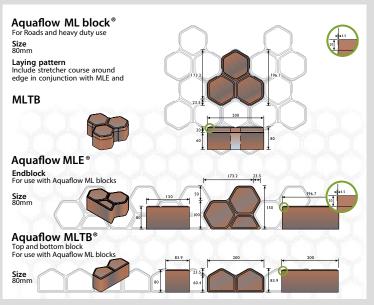


Size	Depth	Quantity (per m²)	Quantity (per bale)	Bale size
200mm x 100mm	80mm	50	500	10.00m ²



Aquaflow ML





Aquaflow MLE

Aquaflow MLTB

STONE SPECIFICATIONS



Lower sub-base layer 10-63mm clean crushed stone

Sieve sizes	% passing
80mm	90-100
63mm	90-100
40mm	60-80
20mm	15-30
10mm	0-5
Reference specification	BS EN 13242:2002



Laying course 2-6mm clean crushed stone	La	ying cour	se 2-6mn	ı clean cr	ushed stone
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Sieve sizes	% passing				
10mm	98-100				
6.3mm	80-100				
2mm	0-100				
1mm	0-5				
Reference specification	BS EN 13242:2002				



Upper sub-base layer 5-20mm clean crushed stone

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Sieve sizes	% passing
40mm	100
20mm	90-100
10mm	25-75*
4mm	0-15
2mm	0-5
Reference specification	BS EN 13242:2002
Material specification	Material supplied shall be referred to as 5-20mm clean crushed stone and conform to the above sieve analysis and aggregate testing.



Surface Dressing 2-4mm clean crushed stone

% passing
100
95-100
66-90
0-20
0-8
0-1.5
BS EN 1097-2:1998
BS EN 1091-8:2000
Annex A

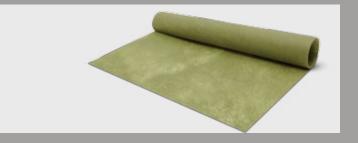
*Aggregate Testing

Los Angeles Coefficient (LA) - Determination of resistance to fragmentation = 20 BS EN 13242:2002. Note: Lower values than those specified signifies better resistance to fragmentation and abrasion and is therefore acceptable.

AQUAFLOW® COMPONENTS

Inbitex Geotextile

Exclusive to Roadstone/Formpave Aquaflow system, this non-woven geotextile is used for separation, filtration and pollution control.



SC Intergrid

Exclusive to Roadstone/Formpave and the Aquaflow system this sub-base stabilisation grid improves structural strength, increases design life and reduces construction costs.



SC Membrane

This impermeable membrane allows the storage of collecting storm water. Used for the Aquaflow attenuation system it can be welded or taped dependent on the application. A higher grade SC Membrane GT can be specified when contamination is present.



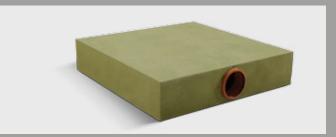
SC Findrain

This drainage component allows efficient and high flow removal of storm water from the Roadstone Aquaflow system. Wrapped in Inbitex Geotextile which provides further filtration and cleansing.



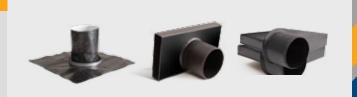
Aquaflow Distribution Tanks

Voided crates that are extremely strong structurally and are wrapped in Inbitex Geotextile, which provides filtration and cleansing. Allows the collection of impermeable surface water catchment, such as roofs to the Aquaflow system.



Top Hats, Tape and Fittings

Roadstone Aquaflow system components.



Suds Specification

Types(s) of Paving

Roadstone Aquaflow permeable concrete block paving range.

Reference

Roadstone Aquaflow paving.

Size

As per Roadstone Ltd.

Colours

Various colours and finishes available.

Setting Out

See page 47/48 of brochure.

Kerbs

See page 30-32.

Laying course

50mm depth of 2-6mm single size clean crushed stone to BS EN 13242: 2002. The crushed stone used for the laying course must have a minimum LA Coefficient of 25.

Inbitex Geotextile

As specification.

Depth of Sub-base

It is recommended that a sub-base depth of 350mm should be used. The depth of sub-base may be varied at the discretion of the engineer.

Sub-base Specification

All granular sub-base material shall comprise crushed rock or concrete possessing well defined edges. It must be sound, clean, non-friable and free from clay or other deleterious matter.

The material must be non-plastic when tested in accordance with BS1377 Test No.4.

The crushed stone used for the sub-base must have a minimum LA Coefficient of 25.

The selected test samples shall not be oven dried and should be soaked in water at room temperature for 48 hours before the test. The 100mm deep upper layer of sub-base material should be graded 5mm-20mm to BS EN 13242: 2002.

Intergrid(s)

SC Intergrid Geogrid.

DBM Running Course

To be 20mm dense base binder course manufactured with 100/150 grade bitumen to BS4987. The DBM shall conform with the Requirements of BS 4987.

SC Membrane Geomembrane

Generally a taped membrane will be suitable for most applications of the tanked system. If a guaranteed watertight system is required a fully welded system should be installed.

Examples of this type of application would be sites with a high water table, methane contamination, areas above basements or retaining walls. Further advice should be sought from the Formpave design team.

Findrain

150/300mm Findrain to BBA Number 95/85.

Top hat seal

Formpave top hat seal.

MAINTENANCE

Maintenance schedule Regular maintenance Sweeping surface to remove debris and contamination Occasional maintenance Removal of leaves Remediate areas of rutting and depressions Replace broken/damaged blocks Rehabilitate surface with sweeping and reapplication of 2-4mm clean gritstone Initial inspection Monitoring Monitoring Monitoring Frequency 1-2 times a year, typically Spring and after leaf fall in As required As required As required As required As required As required An required Annually Monitoring Monitoring Annually Inspect ancillary drainage components i.e. gullies, outfall pipes etc		Operation & maintenance requirements		
Regular maintenance remove debris and contamination differ leaf fall in Occasional maintenance Removal of leaves As required Remediate areas of rutting and depressions As required Replace broken/damaged blocks As required Rehabilitate surface with sweeping and reapplication of 2-4mm clean gritstone Initial inspection Monitoring Monitoring Inspect ancillary drainage components i.e. gullies, Annually		Maintenance schedule	Action	Frequency
Remediate areas of rutting and depressions Replace broken/damaged blocks Rehabilitate surface with sweeping and reapplication of 2-4mm clean gritstone Initial inspection Within 3 months Inspection for poor performance and silting Inspect ancillary drainage components i.e. gullies, As required As required As required As required As required As required Annually	No.	Regular maintenance	remove debris and	typically Spring and
Remedial actions Replace broken/damaged blocks Rehabilitate surface with sweeping and reapplication of 2-4mm clean gritstone Initial inspection Within 3 months Inspection for poor performance and silting Inspect ancillary drainage components i.e. gullies, As required As required As required Annually		Occasional maintenance	Removal of leaves	As required
Remedial actions Rehabilitate surface with sweeping and reapplication of 2-4mm clean gritstone Initial inspection Within 3 months Inspection for poor performance and silting Inspect ancillary drainage components i.e. gullies, As required				As required
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